



Kern- und Teilchenphysik II Exercise Sheet 1

HS 16
Prof. Nicola Serra,
Dr. Annapaola De Cosa

Dr. Marcin Chrzaszcz

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Exercise 1: Neutrino oscillations (5.0 Pts.)

With neutrino oscillations, the "family lepton numbers" are no longer conserved. This allows for a process $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ to happen.

1. Draw a Feynman diagram, where the neutrino oscillations are represented by a blob.
2. In this process you must "borrow" the necessary to make the virtual W . Accordingly to the uncertainty principle, how soon you must "repay" the debt? Given the fact that the neutrino oscillations happen over large distance is it likely to that we can borrow that amount to make the $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$?

Exercise 2: Yukawa Lagrangian (5.0 Pts.)

Give physical interpretation of the Yukawa Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} = \left[i\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu\psi - m_1\bar{\psi}\psi \right] + \left[\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu\phi)(\partial^\mu\phi) - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{m_2}{\hbar}\right)^2\phi^2 \right] - \alpha_Y\bar{\psi}\psi\phi \quad (1)$$

- What are the spins and masses of the particles?
- What are the propagators?
- Draw a Feynman diagram for their interactions and determine the vertex factor.

Exercise 3: CKM matrix (5.0 Pts.)

Show at long as the CKM matrix is unitary, the GIM mechanism works for $n \geq 3$ generations.

- How many independent parameters are there in 3×3 unitary matrix?
- How many independent parameters are there in 3×3 real orthogonal matrix?
- Can you reduce the CKM matrix to real form?

Exercise 4: Generalized Klein-Gordon (5.0 Pts.)

The Klein-Gordon lagrangian for a complex field would look like:

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{\hbar i}{2} \left[\bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu \psi) - (\partial_\mu \bar{\psi}) \gamma^\mu \psi \right] - m \bar{\psi} \psi \quad (2)$$

Treating both fields as independent deduce the field equations for each and show the fields are consistent.